**Annex I - Classification form[[1]](#footnote-2)**

This application is made as:

* **An organisation (Type C member)**.

Transparency Register identification number: […]

***Nota Bene concerning Type C members***: although registration in the Transparency Register (TR) is required in order to be appointed as a Type C member of an expert group, it is not mandatory for the application procedure. Thus, interested organisations that at the time of the application are not featured yet on TR and, as a consequence, do not have a TR identification number, may still apply. However, should the applicant be selected as a result of the call for applications, it shall register in the TR as a condition to be appointed as a Type C member.

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To be filled in by organisations applying to be appointed as Type C members

This application is made as the following **type of organisation**: (***please select only one option, taking into account the definitions indicated below***).

* a) Academia, Research Institutes and Think Tanks
* b) Banks/Financial institutions
* c) Companies/groups
* d) Law firms
* e) NGOs
* f) Professionals’ associations
* g) Professional consultancies
* h) Trade and business associations
* i) Trade unions
* j) Other (please specify):

Definitions for organisation types

**Academia, Research Institutes and Think Tanks**

Universities, schools, research centers, think tanks and other similar bodies performing academic and/or educational activities.

**Banks/Financial institutions**

Banks and other similar bodies providing financial services, including financial intermediation. All sorts of banks should be classified within this category, including national central banks.

**Companies/groups**

Individual companies or groups of companies operating in the business sector, whether they are national companies or multinational ones.

**Law firms**

Business entities formed by one or more lawyers to engage in the practice of law. The primary service rendered by a law firm is to advise clients (individuals or corporations) about their legal rights and responsibilities, and to represent clients in civil or criminal cases, business transactions, and other matters in which legal advice and other assistance are sought.

**NGOs**

Non-profit organisations which are independent from public authorities and commercial organisations. Some NGOs are organised around specific issues, such as environment, consumer affairs, health and human rights.

**Professionals’ associations**

Non-profit organisations seeking to further the interests of individuals engaged in a particular profession, such as physicians, nurses, architects, engineers and lawyers. Professionals’ associations are different from business associations, as they promote and defend the interests of individuals carrying on a specific profession, not the interests of companies operating in the business sector.

**Professional consultancies**

Firms carrying on, on behalf of clients, activities involving advocacy, lobbying, promotion, public affairs and relations with public authorities.

**Trade and business associations**

Private bodies representing the interests of its members operating in the business sector.

**Trade unions**

Organisations of workers. The most common activities performed by trade unions include the negotiation of [wages](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Wage), work rules, rules governing hiring, firing and promotion of workers.

**Other organisations**

Organisations which are not possible to classify in any other category.

\*\*\*

To be filled in by organisations applying to be appointed as Type C members

The applicant shall represent the following **interest**: (***please select one or more options, taking into account the definitions indicated below***):

* a) Academia/Research
* b) Civil society
* c) Employees/Workers
* d) Finance
* e) Industry
* f) Professionals
* g) SMEs
* h) Other (please specify):

Definitions for interests represented

**Academia/Research**

Universities, schools, research centers, think tanks and other similar bodies performing academic and/or educational activities.

**Civil society**

Civil society can be defined as the aggregate of non-governmental organisations and institutions that manifest interests and will of citizens or as individuals and organisations in a society which are independent of the government.

**Employees/workers**

Individuals working part-time or full-time under a contract of employment whether oral or written, express or implied, and having recognised rights and duties.

**Finance**

The management of revenues or the conduct or transaction of money matters, as in the fields of banking, insurance and investment.

**Industry**

Companies and groups of companies whose number of employees and turnover or balance sheet total are higher than the ones of SMEs (see below).

**Professionals**

Individuals operating in a particular profession, such as physicians, nurses, architects, engineers and lawyers.

**SMEs**

"SME" stands for small and medium-sized enterprises – as defined in EU law: [EU recommendation 2003/361](http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=OJ:L:2003:124:0036:0041:EN:PDF) http://ec.europa.eu/wel/images/doc_icons/f_pdf_16.gif.

The main factors determining whether a company is an SME are:

1. **number of employees** and
2. either **turnover** **or** **balance sheet total**.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Company category | Employees | Turnover | or | | Balance sheet total |
| Medium-sized | < 250 | ≤ € 50 m | | ≤ € 43 m | |
| Small | < 50 | ≤ € 10 m | | ≤ € 10 m | |
| Micro | < 10 | ≤ € 2 m | | ≤ € 2 m | |

These ceilings apply to the figures for individual firms only. A firm which is part of larger grouping may need to include employee/turnover/balance sheet data from that grouping too.

**Other interest**

Interest which is not possible to classify in any other category.

\*\*\*

To be filled in organisations applying to be appointed as Type C members

Please select one **or more policy areas** in which your organisation operates:

* Agriculture
* Archaeology
* Architecture
* Audiovisual and media
* Audit
* Banking
* Biodiversity
* Civil protection
* Civil service
* Climate
* Competition
* Conservation
* Consumer affairs
* Culture
* Cultural heritage
* Cultural landscape
* Customs
* Development
* Disaster risk reduction
* Economy
* Education
* Employment and social affairs
* Energy
* Engineering (chemical)
* Engineering (civil)
* Engineering (infrastructure)
* Engineering (IT)
* Engineering (maritime)
* Engineering (space policy)
* Engineering (space research)
* Enlargement
* Environment
* Equal opportunities
* External relations
* External trade
* Finance
* Fisheries and aquaculture
* Food safety
* Forestry
* Fundamental rights
* Humanitarian aid
* Industry
* Information society
* Innovation
* Insurance
* Labour
* Land management
* Law (civil)
* Law (corporate)
* Law (criminal)
* Law (taxation)
* Linguistics and terminology
* Livestock
* Medical profession
* Migration
* Natural resources
* Plant production
* Public affairs
* Public health
* Public relations
* Raw materials
* Research
* Science
* Science diplomacy
* Security
* Smart specialisation
* Social service
* Space and satellites (policy)
* Space and satellites (research)
* Sport
* Statistics
* Sustainable development
* Systemic eco-innovation
* Tax
* Trade
* Training
* Transport
* Urban development
* Water
* Youth
* Other

For organisations applying to be appointed as Type C members

Name of the organisation[[2]](#footnote-3): ………………….

Surname of the representative proposed: ………………….

First name of the representative proposed: ………………….

Surname of the person applying on behalf of the organisation: ………………….

First name of the person applying on behalf of the organisation: ………………….

Date: ………………….

Signature …………………..

1. This form must be filled in, signed and returned with the application. [↑](#footnote-ref-2)
2. It is mandatory to use exactly the same name used when registering in the Transparency Register. [↑](#footnote-ref-3)